GREAT BEND. - - - KANSAS.

THE WORLD AT LARGE.

Summary of the Daily News.

WASHINGTON NOTES. "THE San Francisco" will probably be

the name of the new cruiser ordered by the Government. RATIFICATIONS of an additional po

convention between Portugal and the United States have been exchanged in Vashington.
Tue Acting Secretary of the Treasury

has accepted an offer from the surviving sureties of Alexander H. Adams, deceased, pension agent at Lexington, Ky., in 1871, to pay \$3,000 and costs in compromise of the Government's claim against them for \$10,-

SECRETARY BAYARD and four acting secre taries attended the Cabinet meeting on the

PROP. G. BROWN GOODE, assistant director of the National Museum, has been ap-pointed Commissioner of Fish and Fish-

REAR ADMIRAL JOHN LEE DAVIS has been placed on the retired list.

ALTHOUGH the President's order in regard to indemnity lands has been in opera-tion less than half a month it has given rise to the utmost activity in land matters all over the country and the Interior Department bids fair to be swamped with let-ters of inquiry from attorneys for railroads, land lawyers and would-be settlers.

THE President has appointed S. S. Carlisle, of Louisiana, to be Minister Resident and Consul General to Bolivia, and James C. Quiggle, of Pennsylvania, to be Consul of the United States at Port Stanley and St. Thomas, Ont.

GENERAL SHERIDAN has been ordered by the President to take charge of the troops constitution's centennial celebration in Philadelphia, September 15, 16 and 17.

ACTING LAND COMMISSIONER STOCKS-LAGER has issued the necessary instructions to carry into effect Secretary Lamar's re cent order restoring to settlement and entry certain indemnity lands of the Marquette Houghton & Ontonagon Railroad Com-pang, Michigan, comprising about 258,000 acres of unapproved selections.

The coinage of the mints in August ag-

gregated 9,282,000 pieces, valued at £3,303,-300. Of these 2,970,000 were silver dollars. THE public debt statement for August showed a decrease during the month of

THE EAST.

Two Pinkerton detectives were recently searching for two men who stole a package containing \$6,000 from an express car nea

MRS. BELLE FRELY, an insane inmate of the county jail at Clarion, Pa., was cre-mated in her cell the other day, the result of a fire she had kindled with paper torn from the walls. The flames communicated to her clothing, and before assistance arrived her flesh was burned to a crisp.

Tus assignment of Robert Hare Powell

& Co. and Robert Hare Powell, Sons & Co., the great coal mining firms of No. 419 Wal-nut street, Philadelphia, had considerable effect on the financial situation in that city

A PARTY of Holland naval officers attached to a vessel now at New York paid their respects to the President the other day.

The tenth annual meeting of the American Microscopical Society began in Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 30th.

A BOILER explosion in the shop of Kane

James Kane, one of the proprietors. FRANK C. McNEILLY recently stole nearly \$300,000 in bonds, cash, etc., of the Saco and Biddeford (Me.) Savings Institution. He was a trusted employe, and in consequence was able to help himself when the bank officers were absent. Most of the property was non-negotiable. His whereabouts are

SEVERAL cases of cerebro-spinal menin gitis in horses have appeared in New York

C. A. CAMPBELL, an extensive coal dealer at Chelsea, Mass., has suspended payment. The habilities will reach \$350,000, with assets of \$250,000. The failure was caused by the collapse in Philadelphia.

G. W. Williams, the extensive lumber

dealer and boat builder of Kittaning, Pa. who recently made an assignment, as fled to Canada. His liabilities were \$100,000.

Tuz Pennsylvania Democrats met in con-vention at Allentown on the 31st. The platform was adopted without the threat ened split taking place. Jesse Thompson was nominated for the Supreme Court and Bernard J. McGrann for State Treasurer. Two workmen were killed and two badly injured by the fall of scaffolding at the new Annunciation Church building, Williams port, Pu., recently.

PROF. JOHN AVERY, late Professor of Greek in Bowdoin College, died suddenly on the 1st, at North Bridgeton, Me. Prof. Avery had been connected with Bowdoin College many years and was widely known among the alumni of the college. He was a recognized authority in ancient languages,

being muster of fifteen.
The New York Tribune says that the cruiser Boston made a satisfactory trial trip on the 1st. In a run of six hours she made fourteen and a half knots, and her engines showed an indicated horse power of 4,354, whereas she was only supposed to

THREE boys, ranging from nine to fourteen years of age, were drowned recently, near Portsmouth, N. H. The oldest boy was the son of the late Leander P. John son, United States navy. The other two boys were named Mackey, and lived in

THE Inter-State Commerce Commission on the 1st took testimony in Rutland, Vt., in regard to alleged discriminations by the onal Dispatch Line and the Vermont Central road.

THE crews of the Philadelphia & Reading shifting engines at Bridgeport, N. J., struck recently against engineers from Pottstown, holding that local men should

have been promoted. To: Canadian steamer Hastings has bee seized by the customs collector at Niagara Fulls, N. Y., for carrying passengers be-tween American ports without obeying the

law.
Coffee went up twenty points at New

York on the 1st. THE statistics of immigration at Castle Garden for the month of August show that 27,365 immigrants were landed, as against 25,366 in August, 1886. This is an increase of 1.999 for the month. The total immigration this year to date is 267,764, being an increase of 6,937 over the same period of last

year.
OLINTO SPANNOCHIA, shipping and commission merchant of New York City, has made an assignment. His assets were es-

timated at \$100,000. FRANK McNEILLY, who robbed the Saco and Biddeford (Me.) Savings Bank of a large amount, is considered by his friends

California newspapers and politicians xtended a chilly reception to the Pacific sion on its trip to

THE collapse of the San Francisco wheat corner on the 27th carried down Dresbuch & Rosenfeld, the bull operators.

THERE Fin laborers were drowned near Duluth, Minn., the other day by the capsizing of their sail-boat.

THE assets of S. N. Matson, the bankrupt Chicago jeweler, are placed at \$250,271 and

the liabilities at \$178,000. THOMAS G. KNOTT, of New Albany. Ind., has been arrested for offering to sell supplies of ten dollar counterfeits at a big dis-

A HEAVY flow of natural gas has b struck on the Indiana side of the Ohio river, twenty-five miles from Louisville,

Ky. If it keeps up it will be piped to that A PREIGHT train on the Cleveland & Ma rietta railroad ran through a burning tres

tle near Cambridge, O., on the 29th. The fireman was badly hurt. Duning the progress of a fire in Flint, Mich, the other morning, five prisoners, all tramps, dug their way out of jail and es-

WILLIAM ST. CLAIR Ross, doing business as W. St. Clair Ross & Co., at Elm and Third streets, Cincinnati, has assigned to H. S. Lloyd. The firm has been doing a large business as paper manufacturers and wholesale dealers in envelopes, cards, etc. The failure was precipitated by Eastern

failures.
The Anchor Manufacturing Company's works, near Detroit, Mich., were destroyed by fire recently. The losses were heavy and 250 men were thrown out of employ-

AUTHENTIC accounts of the battle be tween the whites and hostite Utes near Meeker, Col., on the 25th, show five whites killed, including Lieutenant Folsom, and four wounded. The Indians lost nine killed, including two squaws, and five wounded. On the 29th it was estimated that Colorow had about 600 braves under his control.

While hands were threshing on the farm of Lynch Curtis, near Flint, Mich., recently the grain stacker caught fire and while the men were fighting the fire the steam boiler exploded, killing Daniel Steeger outright and severely injuring William Rockwood, John Bennett and three

young women, who were assisting.

The Wisconsin Central engineers threaten to strike against H. S. Barnes, superintendent of machinery in the shops at Waukesha for some hidden reason.

Mas. Shiring, who was to have been hanged at Tahlequah, I. T., for killing her illegitimate grandchild, has been respited

B. P. HUTCHINSON, one of the most promi nent members of the Chicago Board of Trade, was suspended by the Board of Directors recently for ninety days. The cause of the suspension was estensibly "put and call" trading. It was, however intimated that the real cause was persona bitterness against Hutchinson because of his attempt to wreck the wheat crowd re-cently, when the Kershaw corner bursted. THE extensive works of the St. Louis Car Wheel Company were destroyed by fire the other night. The loss was estimated at

about \$100,000, fully insured. Ar Meadville, Ariz., recently in a quarrel over the ownership of a mine, Albert Mead killed three men and was himself killed by Fred Mead, a kinsman. The coroner's jury

acquitted Fred Mead. PROF. FORBES reports chinch bugs general in Illinois.

THE first litigation growing out of the Chatsworth horror started on the 31st at Peoria, Ill., in the shape of nineteen damage suits, aggregating \$127,500, which were begun in the circuit court. Ten are \$5,000 each, all death cases. The others are for injuries, and demand various sums, reach

m one instance \$20,000.

THE SAW mills of Kimball & Clark, about six miles west of Hurley, Wis., were totally destroyed by fire the other morning. Loss, \$100,000. No insurance.

Two engines met in collision on the St. Paul & Duluth road at St. Paul, Minn., the other day, both engineers being terribly injured and the engines wrecked. GEORGE S. HALL, a farmer, was burned to death recently by the burning of J. H.

Coles barn at Detroit, Mich.
CONGRESSMAN O'NEILL, of St. Louis, Mo., witnessed the evictions at Herbertstown

Ireland, recently. * An aeronaut named Blakesly fell from a trapeze bar at Princeton, Mo., on the 31st when his balloon was at a height of 400 feet and he was horribly mashed to death. Complaints are made in Nevada of stock apanies, principally alien, lording it over the settlers of portions of that State. An investigation has been ordered.

Colonow and his band returned to their reservation at Ouray, Col., on the 27th, thus closing the war.

GENERAL NELSON A. MILES Was thrown from a tally-ho coach near Los Angeles, Cal., on the 31st and had his right leg broken at the ankle. Several others sustained slight injuries.

GRAVETARD insurance companies are causing trouble in Indiana. They have been driven out of Michigan.

ISHAEL LUCAS, the county treasurer of Wapakoneta, O., has disappeared. His defalcations were put at \$30,000.

Mrs. McGariole, wife of the escaped boodler, has disappeared from Chicago.

Iowa Democrats met at Des Momes on the 1st. Major T. J. Anderson was nominated for Governor; J. M. Elder, Lientenant-Governor; Supreme Judge, Charles S Fogg; Superintendent of Public Instruc-tion, N. H. W. Sayer. Josian Territa, for the murder of Charles

in Meigs County, was hanged in the jail at Columbus, O., at midnight on the 1st THE Railway Age, of Chicago, says: "It now seems probable that the number of miles of new road constructed in the United States during 1887 will be about 12,000. This figure is the greatest on record. Kansas still continues far in the lead over the

other States in the work of railway con THE Tonto basin country in Arizona has been the scene of more murders. Eleven murders were committed in two weeks. The two factions were fighting over the

possession of a spring.

THE SOUTH. WILLIAM EMSKAMP, a young man, had his brains blown out near Fort Worth, Tex.,

recently by the accidental discharge of his gun while on a hunting trip. THE Pedec River, South Carolina, was

reported on a rampage on the 28th.

A NUMBER of persons were poisoned, two seriously, by eating ice cream at a Baptist Church sociable at Beaumont, Tex., the

other evening.

Disastnous floods were reported in the country tributary to Fort Worth, Tex., on the 30th. Fourteen drownings were said

to have occurred. GENERAL SIMON BOLIVAR BUCKNER WAS inaugurated as Governor of Kentucky on the 50th.

THE firm of Nanzesheimer & Klein, the largest wholesale dealers in general mer-chandise in Texarkana, Ark., has been closed up on attachments aggregating \$93,-

Tun authorities of Atlanta, Ga., have forbidden a Passion play by colored people as sacrilegious.

GENERAL.

THE International Astrono opened at Kiel, Germany, on the 29th.
FORTY conspirators against the Spanish
Government have been arrested at Ponce,

Reports from Austria and Hungary show that the wheat, rye and bariey crops are far

above the average. In Hungary the yield of wheat is 9,550,000 and in Austria 25,000,-000 hectolitres above the average. An earthquake was felt in the City of Mexico on the morning of the 28th. No great damage was done.
Two convicts escaped recently from the

penitentiary at Kingston, Ont.

Numerous tenant farmers in the county of Limerick, Ireland, have decided to apply for a revision of rents under the new law.

The steamer Richmond Hill brought a
valuable dismantled schooner into Halifax,

N. S., the other morning. The crew were PROF. CHEVREUL, the French chemist, was one hundred and one years old on the 31st. He was in perfect health and attend-

ed a meeting of the Agricultural Society, and made a speech thanking the colleagues for a boquet which they had presented him. The London Standard's correspondent at Shanghai says: "There is strenuous oppo-sition to the new banking syndicate. The college of censors has presented a memorial to the throne against the scheme. Li

Hung Chang is almost alone in supporting it. The project even if sanctioned will prob-ably be modified." The town of Boppard, on the Rhine, was partially destroyed by fire the other day, and a large number of persons were left without homes.

THE Baltimore & Ohio Express pany's business has been sold to the United States Express Company. Jay Gould is said to be the real purchaser, and reports state that Garrett has also sold the Balti-more & Ohio railroad and telegraph, or placed the property in the hands of the Drexel, Morgan & Co. syndicate, being

hard up for money. PRINCE NAPOLEON and Prince Victor have written to ex-Empress Eugenie asking to be excused from attending the transfer of the remains of Napoleon III. and the Prince Imperial from Chischurst to Farnborough on the ground that it would be impolitic for the father and son to meet each other.

It is announced that T. V. Powderly, general master workman of the Knights of Labor, will go to Ireland in October to take an active part in the national move

THE rents on the Lurgan estate at Hazeballou, Ireland, has been reduced more than fifty per cent by the Irish Land Court. Seven new cases of cholera and four deaths were reported in the island of Malta on the 31st.

PRANZINI, the murderer of Mme. Regnaxlt, her maid and a child, was executed at Paris on the 21st. He struggled desperately with his executioners before being guillotined. A howling and disorderly mob

Junge Zubia assaulted Consul Brigham at Paso del Norte, Mexico, on the 30th by striking him with a cane. Zubia claimed to have been insulted.

The Bank of England has advanced its rate of discount from three to four per THE Pope has received \$140,000 contribu-

tions, to be devoted to paying the expeases of his jubilee mass. Fire in Cairo, Egypt, the other day destroyed a block in the center of the town,

causing a heavy loss. PRINCE BISMARCK has instructed the provincial governments of Germany to pronote the interests of trade guilds.

THE propeller Jay Gould, bound for Chicago, run aground on the west end of Bois Blanc island the other morning in a

SEVERAL Russians were killed at Kashgar recently during a riot occasioned, it was said, by insuits offered to Mohammedan The Russian mission has returned

THE vapor stove makers are contemplatng a move to form a trust company.

MAIL advices indicate that the troubles in Havana were not so serious as reported by

The Papal Envoy at Tipperary recently said the Pope loved Ireland and would de all in his power to aid in the prosperity of

An epidemic of black diphtheria was reported raging at Lockport, Pa., a small town of 2.0 inhabitants. Nearly half of the population were down with the disease and thirteen deaths have occurred.

Tue Richmond Paper Company of Provi-dence, R. I., has failed. Liabilities over \$6x),000; assets heavy. The mills cost \$1,-

THE magnificent abbey and college of St. Meinrad, located at Indiantown, Spencer County, Ind., was destroyed by fire on the 2d, including a valuable library of 15.000 volumes, a large collection of old and very

ROBERT GARRETT, it was announced at New York on the 2d, had disposed of his interest in the Baltimore & Ohio railroad to a syndicate of English and American copitalists. The deals were carried through by Drexel, Morgan & Co. BISHOP HARRIS, the New York Resident

Bishop of the Methodist Church, died on the 2d from heart trouble. He was born in Mansfield, O., November 19, 1810.

An American schooner fishing inside the Canadian limits has been captured near Campobella, N. B. C. M. Hovey, the noted pomologist and orticulturist of America, died recently in Cambridge, Mass., aged seventy-seven

THE oil producers of Central Ohio have formed a company to market their own prolucts without regard to the Standard Oil

Business failures (Dun's report) during the seven days ended September I numbered for the United States 175, for Canada 24, for the United States 175, for Canada 24, total 199, compared with 185 the previous week, and 190 for the corresponding week

By the explosion of a delayed blast near Monroe, Wis., recently Will am Krell was terribly mangled and killed, one arm being huried 100 feet from the body.

THE New York law against the aduleration of wines went into effect on the 2d. It is very strict, even the treating of champagne with carbonic acid gas is for-bidden.

THE Socialists of the Harne gave a fete on the 2d in honor of Nieuwenhuis, who had been released from prison. A collision with the police took place, and in the melee a few persons were injured. Several ar-rests were made.

By an outbreak of trichinosis in Bruns-

wick, Germany, sixty persons have been affected and five have died. THE engine on the east bound Leadville express, which left Salida, Col., on the 2d, went through a bridge at Beaver creek, killing Engineer Shaw and two others, one

being a tramp, with several wounded.

accident was due to a large rock falling from the side of the canyon and crushing through the bridge. THE French Government has decided to

prosecute the Figure for publishing details of the mobilization scheme.

By a collision between the British steamers Salisbury and John Adamson at Antwerp the other day both were badly

KANSAS STATE NEWS.

THE Kansas Grand Army official badge is out. It was designed by Major Shockley, of the Soldiers' Home, at Loavenworth. The design is a grasshopper and sunflower joined with a ribbon, on which is emblazed in gold letters the word "Kansas."

GOVERNOR MARTIN has revoked his quar antine proclamation against Illinois cattle, except in so far as it applies to Cook County. Cattle shipped from Cook County will be held in our restriction. held in quarantine at Kunsas City ninety days.

According to the report recently filed with the Governor by the census taker of Grant County, the total number of inhabitants of the new county is 2.716, and the number of house-holders 563. The total amount of personal property is \$218,586, while the real estate valuation is \$316,170, making a total of \$534,756 worth of prop erty. The total number of votes cast in the county seat contest was 920, of which Ulysses, for temporary county seat, re-ceived 532 and Cincinnati 388, a majority of 134 for Ulysses.

SUPERINTENDENT WILDER, of the Insur ance Department, has revoked the authori-ty of the Saina Mutual Fire Insurance Company to do business in the State.

THE post-offices at Newbern, Dickinson County, and Wild Horse, Graham County,

have been discontinued.

The barn at the police headquarters i Topeka was burned the other morning by an incendiary fire. In the ruins were found the charred remains of Colonel G. C. Graves, a German attorney of the city. The city lost four head of fine horses and a patrol wagon. The loss was about \$2,000; no insurance. Graves was the Colonei of a Wisconsin regiment during the war and Brigadier-General of the Kansas National

Guards under Glick's administration. Tan Atlantic express on the Santa Fe collided with a construction train Halliday, about fourteen miles west of Kansas City, at 3:55 o'clock the other afternoon. Both engines were budly damaged and one of the laborers on the construction train received injuries that may prove

PENSIONS lately granted Kansas veter ans: Vinton Russell, Strong; Daviel Mc-Connell, National Military Home; Jacob De Roga, Coffeyville; John H. Morgan, Burden; Moses T. McGrew, National Military Home; Joseph Cheney. Pittsburgh; Thomas A. Metcalf, Wellington; Stephe Avery, Hannon; Christian F. Beyer, Na stional Military Home; William H. Ritchie cordia; Patrick Lyden, Lincoln Cen ter; Jasper M. Boston, Russell; John Wil son, Paola; John Durham, Greenleaf; John E. Evans, Veteran; Toiman Hooker, Wich ia; Andrew Tressler, Americus; George W. Lemen, Brenham; Ambrose F. Wade, Keeene; Dominick Gaffney, Atchison. De pendents: Helena H., widow of Joel John son, Wyandotte; minor of George W. Simons, Garnett. Increase: Perrin D. Loomis, Marquette; Jasper Evans. Hart land; Marion L. Mediar, Galena; Thomas

B. Smith, Iuka. THE other night about twelve o'clock the house owned and occupied by Calvin Pratt, at Augusta, was destroyed by fire. Pratt's wife said he came home intoxicated and began quarreling with her and children, and finally threw a lighted lamp into the bed at the children, setting fire to the bed. Later Pratt was found in a chicken coop with three ghastly cuts in his throat and was lying in a critical condition. He had done the work with an old scythe.

In answer to a circular recently sent out by Labor Commissioner Betton, sixty-nine counties of the State sent in answers to the queries as to the cost of maintaining paupers. From this is gathered the fact that the total cost of maintaining the poor farms in the counties reporting for the past year was \$8,019.55. Total relief furnished out-side of the poor farm, \$115.210.53; making a grand total of \$203,231.08 as the cost of the poor in the sixty nine counties. The minimum number of paupers in the same coun

pauper for every 1,000 inhabitants. New post-offices recently established in Cansas: Eigin, Chautauqua County, Kansas: Thomas Leahy, postmaster; Clugh, Chey enne County, James M. Clugh, postmaster, and Westola, Morton County, James K.

JOHN H. MERRIAM, of Kansas, has been appointed to a \$1,200 clerkship in the War

Department. A RECENT fire at Welr City destroyed a whole block, which consisted of the bank, opera house, a store and other business houses, almost all belonging to James Denim. The loss was about \$20,000; fully

covered by insurance.

DR. A. G. ABDELAL, a member of the Board of Pension Examiners at Lawrence, was recently arrested by a Deputy United States Marshal upon the charge of having demanded and extorted large sums of money from various claimants for pensions, who were ordered before the board for examination by the Pension Bureau. Comm ssioner of Pensions also issued an order removing Dr. Abdelal. He waived

an examination and gave bonds for his ap pearance at the October term of court. The rear and half of the north walls of the Daisy Craw or I Opera House at Wichita fell the other morning and in the even-ing the south wall fell. Loss \$20,000. T o brick work was a most completed. brick and worse mortar were assigned as the cause. Preparations had been made for opening the house October 10. This is ow impossible, and it is even thought the building must be entirely torn down and erected new. If such is the case the loss

Wickes, a prominent real estate agent of Topeka, was shot by W. W. Kitch-eil, of the hardware firm of Kitchell & Marburg, of that city, the other day, and died a few hours afterward, the ball enand lodging in the brain. The shooting was purely accidental. Wickes had pur-chased a revolver at the hardware store and stopped in to trade it for another of different action. Kitchell showed him se eral which he took from the show case and while handling one of them, which he had not the remotest idea was loaded, the

weapon was accidentally discharged. LATE reports to the State Board of Agriviture are to the effect that al hough Kan sas has had dry weather, which in mun; parts of the State has been quite severe, in a great many places there have been local rains that have kept vegetation green, and the indications now are that with the in creased acreage planted Kansas will raise as much corn in 1887 as she did in 1886.

BURGLARS still trouble Topeka. Several Topeka ladies have inaugurated plan to train poor and orphan children, teach them housekeeping, sewing and other necessary instruction. The oor cuildren will be taken free of charge and given instruction in the useful arts.

THE twelve-year-old son of J. M. Grove runaway horse. The boy started for the pasture riding one horse and leading another. The led horse became frightened and ran away, and the rope becoming tau gled about the boy's arm, he was dragged for a long distance, receiving injuries from the effects of which he died.

A TERRIBLE hail storm recently visited Atchison, destroying about \$5,000 worth of

KALAKAUA'S PALACE. The Gorgeous Structure Erected by the Profligate Hawaiian Monarch. The foundation stone of Iolani Palace was laid with full Masonic ceremonials (Kalakana being a prominent Mason) on Queen Kapiolani's birthday, the last day in the year 1879. It stands on an immense block, close to the heart of the city, bounded by King, Richard and Likelike streets and Palace Walk. . The palace itself covers an area of 140x120 feet, being thus nearly square. It consists of two stories and a basement. It has a large central tower and a smaller tower on each of the four corners. From the base to the top of the central tower it is 84 feet high. The original surmised cost was \$50,000, but by 1880 \$45,000 had been expended and a further appropriation of \$80,000 was asked to complete it. Then its completion was promised for 1881, but at its opening in 1883 the whole affair was found to have cost \$340,000. It is built of brick (cemented) from designs by Baker, remodeled by C. J. Wall, and the exterior is elaborately ornamented, while the interior is-well, an artistic surprise. In all there are forty rooms, and considering that all but those in the basement are seldom used, it will puzzle the reader to imagine what could be arranged in so many apartments. But the Hawaiian Kamehamehas were powerful and had many visitors, besides which Kalakaua himself has been almost round the globe, and the foundation of decorative orders brings about the promulgation of still more decorative gifts, so that Iolani Palace is literally loaded with curiosities, both novel and ornamental. The front or state entrance to the palace, which entrance is only used on very special occasions, is on King street, nearly opposite the Government buildings. Entering the palace this way, then, the visitor comes first of all to a very broad hall leading from this entrance, each side of the staircase. and then right through to the back or palace walk end of the building. The first room to the right of this hall is the throne room, and here is enough conglomeration of the barbaric and the modern to mystify the beholder. All round the walls are well executed portraits of the former Kings of Hawaii, and at the extreme end a portrait which both the King and Queen have often silently gazed upon. It is an oil painting of Kaahumanu, a wife of Kamehameha the Great, who after his death, became Prime Minister and was virtually monarch during the short reign of Kamehameha II. Perhaps Kapiolani objects to her name ("Captive of Heaven") as she looks on this savage dame's determined features and longs to emulate her. But her spouse knows that those despotic times

have long since gone by. Here, also, are the marvelous royal feather robes, the gorgeousness of which no one can The robe used by Kalakaua, imagine. and exhibited in this throne room, is the identical mamo (mantle) worn by the great first Kamehameha. It is eleven feet in width and five feet in length, and made entirely of golden feathers from the Oo, or royal bird. Only two feathers are found (one under each wing) on each bird. As it takes a thousand feathers to make an ordinary neeklace, what a vast quantity must this robe contain! And this is not only the collection of a lifetime. but the combination of the hoards of eight or ten successive chiefs. At the opening of Parliament this robe is spread upon the throne as symbolical of royalty, but at other times it is always kept over in the palace, and it is like a child with a new toy. Kalakaua is now fifty-one years of age and has been drawing \$25,000 a year since he started, besides extra money being paid his Queen, his and her staffs and their household expenses. Although the King has an interest in three saloons and has some good property in land, and certainly often helps some of his poor subjects, yet the mass of this wealth goes for the Poi feasts and Hula dances, in which his predecessors also reveled. Even when the white people are now invited, the old name of Luan (native feast) is used, and the gyrations of the finger round the calabash of sticktaro form the principal event. Hula dances are even given in the palace grounds, but under great restrictions, and shorn, in the presence of Europeans, of their dominant features. See Kalakana on a state occasion, and, fairly corpulent as he is, he seems hardly to have room to hold his medals and decorations-all one blaze of useless glitter. But creep down to the Union saloon early some evening. There you will see his Majesty King Kalakana of the Hawaiian Islands sitting before a toddy, dressed in an old blue serge suit, with a cheap straw hat on the back of his head, and looking, ah! far happier, after all. - Boston

-A little girl, who had been carefully trained by her mother, was being dressed for church Sunday. The gay gown had been put on and the little one surveyed herself with evident satisfaction. "Mamma," she said, "does God see every thing?" "Certainly, dear," said the mother. "Does he see me now?" "Why, yes," replied the astonished matron. "Well, then, He sees a pretty neat looking little girl, doësn't He, mamma?" - Exchange.

-Ned's father took him in bathing this week for the first time. Ned is taucet first."-Somerville Journal.

THE KISS IN HISTORY.

Curious Customs Obtaining in Many Por-

tions of the Glo There was an old belief that unless a maiden was kissed under the mistletoe at Christmas she would not be married during the ensuing year.

When Fox was contesting the hardvon seat at Westminster the beautiful Duchess of Devonshire offered to kiss all who voted for the great statesman. In the ceremonial of betrothal a kiss has played an important part in several nations. A nuptial kiss in church, at the conclusion of the marriage service,

is solemnly enjoined by the York Mis-

sal and the Sarum Manual. The beautiful Lady Gordon, when the ranks of the Scottish regiments had been sailly thinned by cruel Badajos and Salamanca, turned recruiting sergeant, and, to tempt the gallant lads, placed the recruiting shilling in her lips, whence each who would might take it with his own.

In Finland, according to Bayard Taylor, the women resent as an insult. a salute upon the lips. A Finish matron, hearing of our English custom of kissing, declared that did her husband attempt such a liberty she would treat him with such a box on the ears that he should not readily forget.

In Wesley's journal, dated June 16, 1758, is given the following description of a duel between two officers at Limerick: "Mr. B. proposed firing at twelve yards, but Mr. J. said: 'No, six is enough.' So they kissed one another (poor farce!) and before they were five paces asunder both fired at the in-

The Code of Justinian says "that if a man bothered a woman by a kiss and either party died before marriage the heirs were entitled to half the donations and the survivor to the other half; but if the contract was made without the solemn kiss, the whole of the espoused gifts must be restored to the donors and their heirs-at-law.

The Mohammedans, on their pious oilgrimage to Mecca, kiss the sacred black stone and the four corners of the kaaba. The Roman priest kisses the aspergillum, and Palm Sunday the palm. Kissing the Pope's toe was a fashion introduced by one of the Leos, who, it is said, had mutilated his right hand, and was too vain to expose the

stump. In Iceland kissing had deterred penalties of great severity. For kissing another man's wife, with or without her consent, the punishment of exclusion, or its pecuniary equivalent, was awarded. A man rendered himself liable for kissing an unmarried woman under legal guardianship without her consent, and, if the lady consented, the law required that every kiss should be wiped out by a fine of three marksequivalent to one handred and forty ells of wadmal-a quantity sufficient to furnish a whole ship's crew with pilot.

jackets. In Russia the Eastern salutation is a kiss. Each member of the family salutes the other; chance acquaintances on meeting kiss; principals kiss their employes; the General kisses his officers; the officers kiss their soldiers; the Czar kisses his family, retinue, court and attendants, and even his officers on parade, the sentinels at the palace gates, and a select party of private soldiers-probably elaborately prepared for this "royal salute." In other parts the poorest serf, meeting a high-born dame in the street, has but to say, "Christ is risen," and he will receive a kiss and the reply, "He has risen, truly."

Home, in his quaint old "Tablesaid that Kalakaua was once discov- Book," gives an account of a curious ered alone in the throne room with this old kissing festival held in Ireland: robe around him gesticulating and "Easter Monday several hundred voicing forth vowels to his ancestors young persons of the town and neighborhood of Potsferry, County Down, resort, dressed in their best, to a pleasant walk near the town, called 'The Waller.' The avowed object of each person is to see the fun, which consists in the men kissing the females without reserve, whether married or single. This mode of salutation is quite a matter of course; it is never taken amiss, nor with much show of coyness. The female must be ordinary indeed who returns home without having received at least a dozen hearty busses."-Chicago Tribune.

Beware of Old Corks.

"It is strange," said a physician the other day, "that in spite of the great interest taken nowadays in the purity of food and drink, no one has called attention to an abuse that is as dangerous as it is dirty. I refer to the cond-hand cork business. Every intelligent person, every paper and the board of health should protest against it. Their use should be prohibited under all circumstances. Corks once used are not fit to cut-down, bleached or pressed and used a second time. They may be ever so well cleaned, the fermenting vegetations that get into the cracks and internal fissures, communicate decay, disease and death to liquids they are used to preserve. Corks that lie around for weeks among the filth and dirt of bar-rooms can not be purified. There are several firms in this city that do an extensive business among bottlers of light wines, weiss-beer brewers, same and patent medicine manufacturers in these second-hand corks, and the business should be suppressed."-N. Y. Mail and Express.

-"My dear," said a very sick husband, "if I die will you see that my grave is kept green?" "Yes, John," four years old. Next day somebody asked him how he liked it. "Well," how gladly I would do as much for you," he said. Then the lady dried wish God would turn on the hot water her tears and the sick man got well .-